

Picking Your IP Address for Modbus/TCP

RobustDC Application Note #29

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• Overview

We are often asked the question "Don't I need to register with someone for a special, unique IP address before we can set up our TCP/IP network?" The answer is Yes and No. *Yes* if you expect to set up a router to allow anyone in the world to send you IP packets directly. *No* if you expect to only set up a "private" TCP/IP network with no direct connection to the outside world.

If you are using TCP/IP for industrial control, then chances are you expect to keep your TCP/IP network very private! The "Internet" folks have issues guidelines for just such a situation.

• Quotes from RFC 1918:

Many applications require connectivity only within one enterprise and do not need external (outside the enterprise) connectivity for the majority of internal hosts. In larger enterprises it is often easy to identify a substantial number of hosts using TCP/IP that do not need network layer connectivity outside the enterprise.

...

The Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) has reserved the following three blocks of the IP address space for private internets:

| 10.0.0.0 | - 10.255.255.255 (10/8 prefix) |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| 172.16.0.0 | - 172.31.255.255 (172.16/12 prefix) |
| 192.168.0.0 | - 192.168.255.255 (192.168/16 prefix) |

...

An enterprise that decides to use IP addresses out of the address space defined in this document can do so without any coordination with IANA or an Internet registry. The address space can thus be used by many enterprises. Addresses within this private address space will only be unique within the enterprise, or the set of enterprises which choose to cooperate over this space so they may communicate with each other in their own private internet.

As before, any enterprise that needs globally unique address space is required to obtain such addresses from an Internet registry. An enterprise that requests IP addresses for its external connectivity will never be assigned addresses from the blocks defined above. So you may ask, "If I'm not connected & sharing an IP anyway, why not just randomly pick any IP?" Well, the reason is for long-term good-will. *If you just randomly pick an IP, then you are probably using an IP legally assigned to someone else*. So someday if your network is accidentally linked through a router (perhaps by an over eager technician playing with his new LINUX software?), then you could cause a lot of confusion "out there". In theory you could even end up with FBI agents knocking at your door asking you why you are trying to "break" into some secret computer officially assigned that IP - or more likely your corporate Internet system may be "shutdown" by your ISP when they recognize network traffic with invalid IP's being sent out. Explain that to the CEO!

This wouldn't happen if you follow the RFC1918 guidelines, because everyone "out there" accepts these IP addresses as private. Following RFC1918, the worst you can expect from an "IP leak" is some email from your ISP warning that private IP traffic is leaking from your site.

| Starting IP | Ending IP | SubNet Mask | Host Bits | Number of Devices |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|
| 192.168.000.000 | 192.168.000.255 | 255.255.255.000 | 8 | 256 |
| 192.168.000.000 | 192.168.001.255 | 255.255.254.000 | 9 | 512 |
| 192.168.000.000 | 192.168.003.255 | 255.255.252.000 | 10 | 1024 |
| 192.168.000.000 | 192.168.007.255 | 255.255.248.000 | 11 | 2048 |
| 192.168.000.000 | 192.168.015.255 | 255.255.240.000 | 12 | 4096 |
| 192.168.000.000 | 192.168.031.255 | 255.255.224.000 | 13 | 8192 |
| 172.016.000.000 | 172.016.255.255 | 255.255.000.000 | 16 | 65,535 |
| 172.031.000.000 | 172.031.255.255 | 255.255.000.000 | 16 | 65,535 |
| 010.000.000.000 | 010.255.255.255 | 255.000.000.000 | 24 | 16,777,215 |

• Example IP Addresses Suitable Per RFC 1918

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"out there" you don't need to worry about this sharing.

• For More Information

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